

平成 28 年度 武蔵野東中学校

入 学 試 験 問 題 英 語

1 <リスニング問題> 省略

2 次の□内の語を使って3つの英文を自由に作りなさい。ただし、同じ語は使えません。また文の最初は大文字で書きはじめ、文の終わりにはピリオドかクエスチョンマークをつけること。

we don't how like doesn't English is open have are  
many book the can old dogs where door do a car  
does Kumi my have I speak how you she cats

3 次の絵の内容を表す英文を( )内の語を使って書きなさい。

(1)



( He / piano )

(2)



( The boy / dishes )

(3)



( The man / book )

4 「教科」「スポーツ」「趣味」の中から1つを選び、そのテーマについて3つの英文で自由に書きなさい。ただし、語数は3つの文あわせて全部で10～20語とし、ピリオド、カンマなどの符号は語として数えないものとする。

5 次のスピーチの英文を読み、後の問いに答えなさい。

I ( ① ) to Boston in America last summer. [あ] I stayed at my aunt's house. She has a son named Tom. He is as old as me. It was fun to talk with him. [い]

There is a large library near my aunt's house. We often ( ② ) it and studied there together.

At night we sometimes talk about our own countries. I ( ③ ) a lot about American cultures from him. That was the most exciting thing for me. [う]

If you have a chance, you should visit a foreign country.

(1) 次の英文が入る適切な場所をあ～うの中から選び、記号で答えなさい。

We soon became good friends.

(2) ( ① )～( ③ )には動詞の過去形が入ります。それぞれに入る語の組み合わせとして、最も適切なものをア～エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. ① visited            ②went            ③learned

イ. ① learned            ②visited            ③went

ウ. ① went            ②learned            ③visited

エ. ① went            ②visited            ③learned

(3) 下線部で次のように日本独自のものについて説明しました。(a)～(c)はそれぞれ何についての説明でしょうか。日本語で書きなさい。

(a) It is a Japanese traditional food. We eat it on the first three days of the New Year. Every dish has a special meaning. I like *kobumaki* the best. It means joy.

(b) It is a Japanese traditional clothing. We wear it at weddings, tea ceremonies, and other very special or formal events.

(c) It is a Japanese traditional art. We fold a sheet of paper into birds, animals and many other things without using scissors or paste.

6 次の英文を読み、後の問いに答えなさい。

Ms. Green invited Yumi for lunch at her house. They will have sushi and pizza.

Yumi : I don't like *wasabi*. 【 you / know / do / *wasabi* 】 ?

Ms.Green : Yes, I do. Everyone knows it.

Yumi : Really? I cannot have it. Can you have it?

Ms.Green : Oh, yes. I like it. *Wasabi* is very popular in Canada.

Yumi : Wow! Can you get *wasabi* in Canada?

Ms.Green : Yes, we can. We sometimes have pizza with *wasabi*.

Yumi : Pizza with *wasabi*? Oh, no.

Ms.Green : My friend from America likes *wasabi*, too. He likes sushi with *wasabi*. *Wasabi* is popular in many countries.

Yumi : I often have *sabi-nuki*.

Ms.Green : What is it?

Yumi :

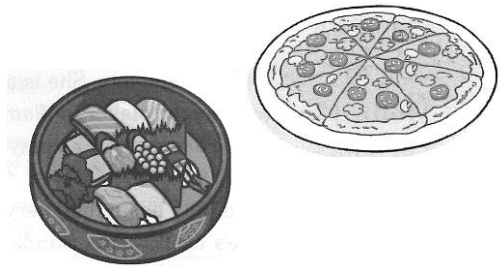
Ms.Green : I see.

Yumi : Let's have lunch. You can get *wasabi* from mine.

Ms.Green : You can have some pizza.

Yumi : Is it with *wasabi*?

Ms.Green : No, it's *sabi-nuki*.



(1) 【     】内の語を意味が通るように並び替えなさい。ただし文の始まりは大文字で書くこと。

(2) わさびについて述べられているものとして最も適切なものをア～エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. わさびはカナダで手に入れるのは難しい。
- イ. たいていアメリカのピザにはわさびが入っている。
- ウ. カナダ人の間でわさびの人气が高い。
- エ. アメリカ人はみんなわさびが好きではない。

(3) あ に入る適切な英文を最も適切なものをア～エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. It is sushi with *wasabi*.
- イ. It is pizza with *wasabi*.
- ウ. It is *wasabi*.
- エ. It is sushi without *wasabi*.

(4) 下の文章は Yumi と Ms.Green のわさびの好みについてまとめたものです。  
( ① )～( ⑤ )に入る適切な日本語を次の語群からそれぞれ選び、書き入れなさい。

【語群： 好き 嫌い さび入り さび抜き すし ピザ】

Yumi はわさびが(① )で、(② )のすしをよく食べる。

Ms.Green はわさびが(③ )で、(④ )の(⑤ )を  
ときどき食べる。

7 次の英文は幼い時に視覚と聴覚を失い、言葉が不自由になったヘレン・ケラーの話です。後の問いに答えなさい。

Helen Keller was born in America in 1880. When she was almost two years old, Helen became very sick. After she got well, her parents discovered that she could no longer see or hear. She was so young when she became sick that she had not yet learned to talk. Because she could not hear or see, Helen did not learn to speak until she was an adult.

In 1887 when Helen was 7, her parents contacted the Perkins School for the Blind\* in Boston, Massachusetts. The school asked Anne Sullivan\* to go to Helen's house.

Anne Sullivan taught Helen sign language\*, a way to spell out letters using hand signs. Helen became very good at sign language and became an excellent student. She graduated from Radcliffe College in 1900. She was the first deaf\* and blind person to get an arts degree\* at Radcliffe.

Helen became a world famous author\* and speaker. She wrote 12 books and many articles\*. She travelled to 40 countries, often collecting money for the blind. Helen also promoted\* many charities\*. She met many presidents, authors and celebrities\*. In 1964 President Lyndon Johnson awarded\* her a prize.

Helen Keller died in 1968. She is still honored\* for her courage\*.

(注)

blind : 目の見えない

Anne Sullivan : アン・サリバン(ヘレンケラーの家庭教師)

sign language : 手話      deaf : 耳の聞こえない      degree : 学位

author : 作家      articles : article(記事)の複数形

promoted : promote(創立する)の過去形

charities : charity(慈善団体)の複数形

celebrities : celebrity(名士)の複数形

awarded : award(賞などを)与える)の過去形

honored : honor(尊敬する)の過去分詞形      courage : 勇気

(1) ヘレン・ケラーの生涯について、次のア～オを起きた出来事の順に並べ、古い順に記号で答えなさい。

- ア. 視力と聴力を失った。
- イ. 本を書いた。
- ウ. 重い病にかかった。
- エ. アン・サリバンに手話を教わった。
- オ. 大学を卒業した。

(2) 本文の内容と合うように(a)、(b)の英文に続くものをア～エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

(a) When Helen was 7 years old,

- ア. she became very sick.
- イ. she went to the Perkins School to meet Anne Sullivan.
- ウ. her parents discovered that she could no longer see or hear.
- エ. she first met Anne Sullivan.

(b) After Helen graduated from college,

- ア. she learned sign language.
- イ. she wrote a letter to her parents.
- ウ. she became a famous author and speaker in the world.
- エ. She built a hospital for the Blind.

(3) 本文の内容と合うように、次の問いに3語以上の英文で答えなさい。

(a) Where was Hellen born?

(b) How many books did Hellen write?

8 次の( )に入る語句として適切なものを1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

(1) A: How is the ( ) today?

B: It's rainy.

1. color            2. weather            3. number            4. house

(2) I like spring ( ) than summer. Summer is too hot for me.

1. well            2. better            3. most            4. much

(3) A: What language is ( ) in Mexico?

B: Spanish.

1. speak            2. to speak            3. spoken            4. to speaking

(4) This pizza ( ) so delicious.

1. cooks            2. tastes            3. builds            4. needs

(5) Don't forget to put the ( ) on the envelope.

1. stamp            2. letter            3. bank            4. money

(6) Thank you very much. That is very ( ) information.

1. difficult            2. famous            3. useful            4. impossible

(7) I will take ( ) in that meeting.

1. place            2. lot            3. part            4. job

(8) Ken and Taku ( ) in Osaka now.

1. is            2. was            3. were            4. Are



# 入学試験問題 英語 解答用紙

受験番号		氏名	
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※のらんには記入しないこと

1 省略 ※

2 (1つめ)

(2つめ)

(3つめ)  ※

3 (1)

(2)

(3)  ※

4

5 (1)  (2)  (3) (a)  (b)  (c)  ※

6 (1)  ?

(2)  (3)

(4) ①  ②  ③

④  ⑤  ※

7 (1)  → → → → (2) (a)  (b)

(3) (a)

(b)  ※

8 (1)  (2)  (3)  (4)  (5)  (6)  (7)  (8)  ※

## 入学試験問題 英語 模範解答

受験番号		氏名	
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※のらんには記入しないこと

1 省略 ※

2 (1つめ) (例) I can speak English.

(2つめ) (例) She doesn't like cats.

(3つめ) (例) Where is my book? ※

3 (1) (例) He is playing the piano.

(2) (例) The boy is washing the dishes.

(3) (例) The man is reading a book. ※

4 (例) I like tennis.  
-----  
I practice it every Saturday.  
-----  
I sometimes play tennis with my friends in the park. ※

5 (1) い<sub>2</sub> (2) エ<sub>2</sub> (3) (a) お節<sub>3</sub> (b) 着物<sub>3</sub> (c) 折り紙<sub>3</sub> ※

6 (1) Do you know *wasabi*? ?

(2) ウ<sub>3</sub> (3) エ<sub>3</sub>

(4) ① 嫌い<sub>2</sub> ② さび抜き<sub>2</sub> ③ 好き<sub>2</sub>

④ さび入り<sub>2</sub> ⑤ ピザ<sub>2</sub> ※

7 (1) ウ → ア → エ → オ → イ (2) (a) エ (b) ウ

(3) (a) She was born in America.

(b) She wrote 12 books. ※

8 (1) 2 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 2 (5) 1 (6) 3 (7) 3 (8) 4 ※

〈配点〉〔計100点〕  
 1 各2点×5    2 各3点×3    3 各3点×3    4 各3点×3    5 (1)(2)各2点, (3)各3点  
 6 (1)(2)(3)各3点, (4)各2点    7 各3点×5    8 各2点×16